

What's New in PHP 8.[1234]?

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About Me

Derick Rethans

- I'm European, living in London
- ~~PHP 7.4 Release Manager~~
- **PHP Foundation**
- **Xdebug** & PHP's Date/Time support
- I ♥ 🌐 maps, I ♥ 🍺 beer, I ♥ 🥃 whisky
- mastodon: @derickr@phpc.social



Readonly Properties

To enforce 'readonly'-bility:

```
<?php
class User
{
    public function __construct(private string $name) {}

    public function getName(): string {
        return $this->name;
    }
}
```

Readonly Properties

In PHP 8.1, with a real keyword, `readonly`:

```
<?php
class User
{
    public function __construct(public readonly string $name) {}
}
```

Readonly Properties

In PHP 8.1, with a real keyword, `readonly`:

```
<?php
class User
{
    public function __construct(public readonly string $name) {}
}
```

Restrictions:

- Can only be initialised once
- Can only be initialised from the scope where it was declared

Readonly Classes

From PHP 8.2, marking all properties as readonly:

```
<?php
readonly class User
{
    public function __construct(public string $name) {}
}
```

Additionally:

- Prevents dynamic properties from being created
- Can't be used if there are untyped or static properties
- Inherited classes **must** also be readonly

Readonly Amendments

In PHP 8.3:

```
<?php
class LogEntry
{
    public function __construct(
        public readonly string $title,
        public readonly DateTimeImmutable $current,
    ) {}

    public function __clone()
    {
        $this->current = new DateTimeImmutable();
    }
}

$entry = new LogEntry("PHP Sussex is great", new DateTimeImmutable());
$newEntry = clone $entry;
?>
```

You can now re-assign readonly properties during `clone`

Deprecating Dynamic Properties

PHP 8.2:

```
<?php
class ezcGraphDataSet
{
    protected $palette;

    function setPalette( $palette )
    {
        $this->palette = $palette;
    }
}

$e = new ezcGraphDataSet;
$e->setPalette( 'rgb' );
```

Deprecated: Creation of dynamic property ezcGraphDataSet::\$palette is deprecated

Deprecating Dynamic Properties

PHP 8.2:

```
<?php
class ezcGraphDataSet
{
    protected $palette;

    function setPalette( $palette )
    {
        $this->palette = $palette;
    }
}

$e = new ezcGraphDataSet;
$e->setPalette( 'rgb' );
```

Deprecated: Creation of dynamic property ezcGraphDataSet::\$palette is deprecated

```
--- src/datasets/base.php
+++ src/datasets/base.php
@@ -83,7 +83,7 @@ abstract class ezcGraphDataSet implements ArrayAccess, Iterator, Countable
     *
     * @var ezcGraphPalette
     */
-    protected $palette;
+    protected $palette;
```

Enumerations — Fetch Properties

```
<?php
enum Currency: string {
    case GBP = '£';
    case EUR = '€';
}

const PRICES = [
    Currency::EUR => 19.99,
    Currency::GBP => 17.99,
];
```

PHP 8.1:

```
Fatal error: Constant expression contains invalid operations
```

PHP 8.2:

```
Fatal error: Constant expression contains invalid operations
```

Enumerations — Fetch Properties

```
<?php
enum Currency: string {
    case GBP = '£';
    case EUR = '€';
}

const PRICES = [
    Currency::EUR->value => 19.99,
    Currency::GBP->value => 17.99,
];
```

Array Unpacking with String Keys

Added in PHP 7.4:

```
<?php
$apples = [ '🍎', '🍏' ];
$fruits = [ '🍐', '🍑', ...$apples, '🍓', '🍅' ];

echo "Fruit salad: ", implode( ' ', $fruits ), "\n";
?>
```

Result:

Fruit salad: 🍐 🍑 🍎 🍏 🍓 🍅

Array Unpacking with String Keys

PHP 8.1 adds support for string keys

```
<?php
$apples = [ 'red' => '🍎', 'green' => '🍏' ];
$others = [ 'green' => '🍐', 'pink' => '🍑' ];
$fruits = [ ...$apples, ...$others ];

var_dump( $fruits );
?>
```

Result:

```
array(3) {
    'red' => string(4) "🍎"
    'green' => string(4) "🍏"
    'pink' => string(4) "🍑"
}
```

First Class Callable Syntax

```
<?php
class Test {
    public function getPrivateMethod() {
        return [$this, 'privateMethod'];
        return Closure::fromCallable([$this, 'privateMethod']);
        return $this->privateMethod(...);
    }

    private function privateMethod() {
        echo METHOD, "\n";
    }
}

$test = new Test;
$privateMethod = $test->getPrivateMethod();
$privateMethod();
?>
```

First Class Callable Syntax

```
<?php
class Test {
    public function getPrivateMethod() {
        return [$this, 'privateMethod'];
        return Closure::fromCallable([$this, 'privateMethod']);
        return $this->privateMethod(...);
    }

    private function privateMethod() {
        echo     METHOD    , "\n";
    }
}

$test = new Test;
$privateMethod = $test->getPrivateMethod();
$privateMethod();
?>
```

First Class Callable Syntax

```
<?php
class Test {
    public function getPrivateMethod() {
        return [$this, 'privateMethod'];*
        return Closure::fromCallable([$this, 'privateMethod']);
        return $this->privateMethod(...); // new in PHP 8.1
    }

    private function privateMethod() {
        echo     METHOD    , "\n";
    }
}

$test = new Test;
$privateMethod = $test->getPrivateMethod();
$privateMethod();
?>
```

First Class Callable Syntax

Syntactic Sugar

```
$fn = Closure::fromCallable('strlen');  
$fn = strlen(...);  
  
$fn = Closure::fromCallable([$this, 'method']);  
$fn = $this->method(...)  
  
$fn = Closure::fromCallable([Foo::class, 'method']);  
$fn = Foo::method(...);
```

Other variants

```
strlen(...);  
$closure(...);  
$obj->method(...);  
$obj->$methodStr(...);  
($obj->property)(...);  
Foo::method(...);  
$classStr::$methodStr(...);  
self::{ $complex . $expression }(...);  
[$obj, 'method'](...);  
[Foo::class, 'method'](...);
```

PHP 8.2: null and false types

- `false` could only be used as part of a union (i.e. `string|false`)
- But not as `null|false` and had to use `null|bool`
- You could not use `null` standalone, even though it's a narrower type:

```
<?php
class User {}

class UserFinder {
    function findUserByEmail(string $email) : User|null {}
}

class AlwaysNullUserFinder extends UserFinder {
    function findUserByEmail(string $email) : null {}
}
?>
```

`void` means: Does not return **anything**

`null` means: Does return the **null** value

PHP 8.2: true type

We had `false` and `null`, but not `true`



PHP 8.2: DNF Types

Union Types: $X|Y$

```
class Number {  
    private int|float $number;  
  
    public function setNumber(int|float $number): void {  
        $this->number = $number;  
    }  
  
    public function getNumber(): int|float {  
        return $this->number;  
    }  
}
```

(Pure) Intersection Types: $X\&Y$

Disjunctive Normal Form Types: $(X\&A) | (Y\&B)$

PHP 8.2: DNF Types

Union Types: **X|Y**

(Pure) Intersection Types: **X&Y**

```
class Iteraty {  
    private Traversable&Countable $countableIterator;  
  
    public function setIterator(Traversable&Countable $countableIterator): void {  
        $this->countableIterator = $countableIterator;  
    }  
  
    public function getIterator(): Traversable&Countable {  
        return $this->countableIterator;  
    }  
}
```

Disjunctive Normal Form Types: **(X&A) | (Y&B)**

PHP 8.2: DNF Types

Union Types: $X|Y$

(Pure) Intersection Types: $X\&Y$

Disjunctive Normal Form Types: $(X\&A) | (Y\&B)$

```
class Foreachy {  
    private array|(Traversable&Countable) $foreachableData;  
  
    public function setIterator(array|(Traversable&Countable) $foreachable): void  
        $this->foreachableData = $foreachable;  
    }  
  
    public function getIterator(): array|(Traversable&Countable) {  
        return $this->foreachableData;  
    }  
}
```

PHP 8.2: DNF Types

Union Types: $X \mid Y$

(Pure) Intersection Types: $X \& Y$

Disjunctive Normal Form Types: $(X \& A) \mid (Y \& B)$

PHP 8.2: New Random extension

```
<?php
$engine = new \Random\Engine\Xoshiro256StarStar( /* 42 */ );
$r = new \Random\Randomizer($engine);

echo bin2hex( $r->getBytes( 8 ) ), "\n";

echo $r->getInt(1, 100), "\n";
echo $r->nextInt(), "\n";

$fruits = ['red' => '🍎', 'green' => '🥝', 'yellow' => '🍌', 'purple' => '🍇'];
echo "Keys: ", join( ', ', $r->pickArrayKeys( $fruits, 2 ) ), "\n";

echo "Salad: ", join( ', ', $r->shuffleArray( $fruits ) ), "\n";

echo $r->shuffleBytes( "PHP is great!" ), "\n";
?>
```

Result:

```
6d5e626122f19db9
22
7420702967108273015
Keys: green, yellow
Salad: 🍌, 🍎, 🍇, 🥝
e Ha!rtPPg is
```

PHP 8.3: Randomiser Additions

```
<?php
$r = new \Random\Randomizer();

echo "Random domain name: ",
    $r->getBytesFromString('abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz0123456789', 16),
    ".example.com\n";
echo "Back-up Code: ",
    implode('-', str_split($r->getBytesFromString('0123456789', 20), 5)),
    "\n";

printf(
    "Random Coordinates: Lat: %+.6f Long: %+.6f",
    $r->getFloat(-90, 90, \Random\IntervalBoundary::ClosedClosed),
    $r->getFloat(-180, 180, \Random\IntervalBoundary::OpenClosed),
);

?>
```

Result:

```
Random domain name: suzoc7yjv2vb8yyy.example.com
Back-up Code:      55026-16453-00317-72101
Random Coordinates: Lat: +82.126217 Long: -21.989388
```

Sensitive Parameters

PHP 8.2:

```
<?php
function logIn($userName, #[\SensitiveParameter] $password) {
    throw new \Exception('Error');
}

logIn( 'derick', 'secret-elephant' );
```

Without Xdebug:

```
Fatal error: Uncaught Exception: Error in Standard input code:4
Stack trace:
#0 Standard input code(7): logIn('derick', Object(SensitiveParameterValue))
#1 {main}
  thrown in Standard input code on line 4
```

Sensitive Parameters

PHP 8.2:

```
<?php
function logIn($userName, #[\SensitiveParameter] $password) {
    throw new \Exception('Error');
}

logIn( 'derick', 'secret-elephant' );
```

With Xdebug:

```
Fatal error: Uncaught Exception: Error in Standard input code on line 4

Exception: Error in Standard input code on line 4

Call Stack:
 4.8626  399576  1. {main}() Standard input code:0
 4.8626  399576  2. logIn($userName = 'derick', $password = '[Sensitive Parameter
```

PHP 8.3: New #[Override] Attribute

```
<?php
final class MyApp\Tests\MyTest extends PHPUnit\Framework\TestCase
{
    protected $logFile;

    protected function setUp(): void
    {
        $this->logFile = fopen('/tmp/logfile', 'w');
    }

    protected function tearDown(): void
    {
        fclose($this->logFile);
        unlink('/tmp/logfile');
    }
}
?>
```

PHP 8.3: New #[Override] Attribute

```
<?php
final class MyApp\Tests\MyTest extends PHPUnit\Framework\TestCase
{
    protected $logFile;

    protected function setUp(): void
    {
        $this->logFile = fopen('/tmp/logfile', 'w');
    }

    #[\Override]
    protected function tearDown(): void
    {
        fclose($this->logFile);
        unlink('/tmp/logfile');
    }
}
?>
```

If this attribute is added to a method, PHP validates that a method with the same name exists in a parent class or any of the implemented interfaces.

PHP 8.3: Typed Class Constants

```
<?php
interface I {
    const TEST = "Test";
}

class Foo implements I {
    const TEST = [];
}

class Bar extends Foo {
    const TEST = null;
}
?>
```

PHP 8.3: Typed Class Constants

```
<?php
interface I {
    const string TEST = "Test";
}

class Foo implements I {
    const TEST = [];
}

class Bar extends Foo {
    const float TEST = M_PI;
}
?>
```

PHP 8.3: Typed Class Constants

```
<?php
interface I {
    const string TEST = "Test";
}

class Foo implements I {
    const TEST = [];
}

class Bar extends Foo {
    const float TEST = M_PI;
}
?>
```

Fatal error: Type of Foo:TEST must be compatible with I::TEST of type string

Dynamic Class Constant Fetch

Looking up members' names:

- Variables: `$$foo`
- Properties: `$foo->$bar`
- Static properties: `Foo::${$bar}`
- Methods: `$foo->{$bar}()`
- Static methods: `Foo::{$bar}()`
- Classes for static properties: `$foo::$bar`
- Classes for static methods: `$foo::bar()`
- ~~Class constants: `$foo::{$bar}`~~

Dynamic Class Constant Fetch

Looking up members' names:

- ...
- Class constants: `$foo::{$bar}`

```
<?php
class Foo {
    const BAR = 'bar';
}
$bar = 'BAR';

echo Foo::{$bar}; // bar
?>
```

Also works for magic `class` constant:

```
<?php
namespace Foo;
class Bar {}

$class = 'class';
echo Bar::{$class}; // Foo\Bar
?>
```

PHP 8.3: Arbitrary Static Variable Initializers

```
<?php
function bar() {
    echo "bar() called\n";
    return 1;
}

function foo() {
    static $i = bar();
    echo $i++, "\n";
}

echo "BEGIN\n";
foo();
foo();
foo();
```

Result:

```
BEGIN
bar() called
1
2
3
```

PHP 8.3: json_validate()

For when you need to know JSON is valid, but don't need to parse it:

```
<?php
$valid = json_validate('{ "test": { "foo": "bar" } }');

$valid = json_validate('{ ": ": " } }');
var_dump($valid, json_last_error(), json_last_error_msg());
```

Result:

```
/home/httpd/pres2/show2.php(27) : eval()'d code:5:boolean false
```

```
/home/httpd/pres2/show2.php(27) : eval()'d code:5:int 4
```

```
/home/httpd/pres2/show2.php(27) : eval()'d code:5:string 'Syntax error' (length=12)
```

PHP 8.4: Parsing HTML5

HTML 5 parsing, through the following new class hierarchy:

```
<?php
namespace DOM {
    abstract class Document extends DOM\Node implements DOM\ParentNode {
        /* all properties and methods that are common and sensible for both XML
        * & HTML documents */
    }

    final class XMLDocument extends Document {
        /* XML specific properties and methods */
    }

    final class HTMLDocument extends Document {
        /* HTML specific properties and methods */
    }
}

class DOMDocument extends DOM\Document {
    /* Keep methods, properties, and constructor the same as they are now */
}
?>
```

PHP 8.0: Just-In-Time (JIT) Compiler

- Compiles PHP code to x86 machine code
- Performance improvements mostly apply to math heavy code
- Part of opcache:

```
opcache.jit=on  
opcache.jit_buffer_size=128M
```

PHP 8.4: Just-In-Time (JIT) Compiler

- Now based on a separately developed Intermediate Representation
- Should be easier to maintain, and support multiple targets
- Still part of opcache, and replaces the old JIT

Also changes to default settings:

```
opcache.jit=disable  
opcache.jit_buffer_size=64M
```

PHP 8.4: PDO Subclasses

Each PDO driver now has it's own class, containing driver specific elements

PDODBLib, PDOFirebird, PDOOCI, PDOODBC are just children, without any changes.

PDOMySQL has `getWarningCount()` defined on it

PDO_pgSQL and PDOSQLite have a whole bunch of constants and methods

A new factory method, `PDO::connect` returns an object representing one of the new subclasses:

```
<?php
$db = PDO::connect('sqlite::memory:');
if (!$db instanceof PDOSQLite) {
    /* ERROR ZONE */
}
```

PHP 8.4: Property Hooks

```
<?php
class User implements Named
{
    private bool $isModified = false;

    public function __construct(private string $first, private string $last) {}

    public string $fullName {
        // Override the "read" action with arbitrary logic.
        get => $this->first . " " . $this->last;

        // Override the "write" action with arbitrary logic.
        set {
            [$this->first, $this->last] = explode(' ', $value);
            $this->isModified = true;
        }
    }
}
?>
```



Any Queries?

Resources



Slides

<https://derickrethans.nl/talks/php-dpc24>

<https://xdebug.cloud>

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